



DE-STREAMING	
What is streaming?	 Streaming means separating students into different course types. In Ontario, students are currently streamed for Math, English, Science, Geography, History and French. The course types for these Grade 9 and 10 courses are Academic, Applied and Locally Developed.
What is de-streaming?	 De-streaming means that students will no longer be separated into Academic and Applied Streams. Schools will still be able to offer Locally Developed Classes. Mathematics is being de-streamed in the 2021-2022 school year. A de-streamed mathematics class will prepare students for university, college, apprenticeship and workplace pathways.
Why are courses being de-streamed?	• Research shows that de-streaming results in better outcomes for students and particularly for those who are from marginalized communities.
What will be the class size for the new Grade 9 math course?	• Decisions about class size have not been made.
Where can I find out information about the content in the new Grade 9 math course?	 The Ministry of Education's Curriculum website will have further information about the new math course: <u>https://www.dcp.edu.gov.on.ca/en/curriculum#secondary</u>
What supports will be provided to students who have Special Education needs in the new de-streamed math course?	 Teachers will implement the Individual Education Plan for students who have Special Education needs. Mathematics teachers will continue to work collaboratively with Special Education Resource Teachers to support students in Secondary School.
Are all grade 9 courses being de-streamed next year?	 Grade 9 Math is the first course to be de-streamed. Grade 9 English, French, Geography and Science will be de-streamed in future years.
Will Grade 10 also be de-streamed?	 The Ministry of Education is currently only focused on de-streaming Grade 9 within the next three years.
What are Locally Developed (or Essentials) courses?	 Locally Developed courses support the needs of students who have been receiving significantly modified programming in Grade 8. Locally Developed courses are offered at the Grade 9 and Grade 10 level in some schools in the areas of English, Math, Science and/or History. Students in Locally Developed courses learn content that is connected to everyday life. Programs at college and university with a high school mathematics course requirement will not accept courses in this pathway for admission.

Why is my child being recommended for a Locally Developed program?	 Students who are recommended to take the Locally Developed course may: be working on significantly modified curriculum expectations in Grades 7 & 8. not yet working at grade level and require additional support. 	
What questions should I ask if my child is recommended for Locally Developed programming?	 At what grade level is my child working independently without modifications? What is my child's achievement level in mathematics? Is my child working with modifications (changes made in grade level expectations) or accommodations (supports that do not change course expectations)? 	
What pathway options (Apprenticeship, College, University, Workplace) do students have if they take Locally Developed courses?	 Students who complete Locally Developed courses in Grade 9 and 10 are being prepared to go directly into Grade 11 Workplace courses, which lead to employment and/or apprenticeship opportunities after high school. Students who successfully complete Locally Developed courses in Grade 9 could then take the same Grade 9 subject in a different course type, such as de-streamed. This pathway could then lead to college, apprenticeship or university courses and programs in Grades 11 and 12. 	
MORE INFORMATION		
If my child selects an Applied course for French, English, Science, or Geography, how will this affect their pathway choices in later grades?	 Applied courses lead most directly to college and workplace courses in Grade 11/12 but can also lead to university, often through additional courses. It is important to know that while all pathways are available to students, data shows that students who start in Applied courses are less likely to pursue post-secondary education than students in Academic courses. 	
What is the difference between Academic and Applied classes?	 Content in Applied classes is taught using familiar situations and hands-on learning. Content in Academic classes is taught using familiar and abstract situations. Currently, Applied classes can have up to 22 students and Academic classes can have up to 29 students. 	
How can my child get help in math?	 Students can get help from: their math teacher; and/or free online tutoring through <u>TVO Mathify</u>; and/or this <u>self-assessment tool</u> on the <u>mathematics page</u> of the <u>Board's website</u> 	
Where can I read more about the research on de-streaming?	 More information about streaming can be found on the following websites: <u>Restacking the Deck</u> <u>Is It Time to Detrack Math?</u> <u>Restructured Pathways - Addressing Streaming from Grades 1 to 12 in the Toronto District School Board</u> <u>NCSM Position Paper - Closing the Opportunity Gap: A Call for Detracking Mathematics</u> <u>Ten Steps to Equity in Education</u> <u>Equity and Quality in Education: Supporting Disadvantaged Students and Schools</u> <u>Stop Streaming Students</u> <u>Understanding Issues Associated with Tracking Students in Mathematics Education</u> 	